

BOAZ ZIK

Institute for Microeconomics University of Bonn
Lennéstraße 37, Bonn, 53113

Phone: +49 1514 5979961 (mobile)
Email: bzik@uni-bonn.de
Homepage: <http://boazzik.com>

CURRENT POSITION

Postdoctoral Researcher, Institute for Microeconomics, University of Bonn

EDUCATION

| | |
|---|-------|
| Ph.D. candidate in Economics and Rationality Studies Hebrew University of Jerusalem | 2013- |
| M.A. in Economics and Rationality Studies, <i>Magna cum Laude</i> Hebrew University of Jerusalem | 2013 |
| B.A. in Economics and Law Hebrew University of Jerusalem | 2009 |

RESEARCH INTERESTS

Economic theory, Mechanism design, Information economics.

REFERENCES

Professor Alex Gershkov

Department of Economics and Center for
the Study of Rationality –
Hebrew University of Jerusalem.
Department of Economics –
University of Surrey.
Email: alex.gershkov@mail.huji.ac.il

Professor Ilan Kremer

Department of Economics, School of
Business Administration, and Center for
the Study of Rationality –
Hebrew University of Jerusalem.
Department of Economics –
University of Warwick.
Email: ikremer@huji.ac.il

Professor Motty Perry

Department of Economics –
University of Warwick.
Email: motty@huji.ac.il

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Teaching Assistant at the Hebrew University in the following courses:

- Mechanism Design (graduate course)
- Microeconomics A (graduate course)
- Macroeconomics A (graduate course)
- Price Theory 1 (undergraduate course)
- Price Theory 2 (undergraduate course)
- Introduction to Econometrics (undergraduate course)
- Macroeconomics A (undergraduate course)
- Macroeconomics B (undergraduate course)

"Efficient Allocation with Informational Externalities" - [Job Market Paper](#).

We consider a seller of an item who faces potential buyers whose valuations depend on multiple signals. The seller has the ability to control the order in which buyers' signals arrive, but cannot observe these signals directly. It is known from the literature that when there are informational externalities and signals arrive all at once efficiency is unattainable. We show that by designing the order in which signals arrive, the seller can attain efficiency even in the presence of informational externalities.

"Cheap Talk in Allocation Problems" - joint with Ran Weksler

We consider a partially informed principal who needs to allocate a single good among multiple agents. Each agent wants to receive the good and holds partial information about the principal's payoff from allocating the object to him. Both the agents' and the principal's signals are ordered in the first-order stochastic dominance sense. We show that effective information may be transmitted from the agents to the principal via cheap-talk communication despite the fact that each agent always prefers to receive the good. We characterize the information structures that support effective information transmission, and analyze how information transmission considerations affect the optimal signal function of the principal.

"Ex-Post Implementation with Social Preferences"

The current literature on mechanism design in models with social preferences discusses social-preference-robust mechanisms, i.e., mechanisms that are implementable in any environment with social preferences. The literature also discusses payoff-information-robust mechanisms, i.e., mechanisms that are implementable for any belief and higher-order beliefs of the agents about the payoff types of the other agents. In the present paper we address the question of whether deterministic mechanisms that are robust in both of these dimensions exist. We consider environments where each agent holds private information about his personal payoff and about the existence and extent of his social preferences. In such environments a mechanism is robust in both dimensions only if it is ex-post implementable, i.e., only if incentive compatibility holds for every realization of payoff signals and for every realization of social preferences. We show that ex-post implementation of deterministic mechanisms is impossible in such environments; i.e., deterministic mechanisms that are both social-preference-robust and payoff-information-robust do not exist.

"Implementation in Models of Independent, Private, and Multivariate Values"

We consider the problem of implementation in models of independent private values in which the valuation an agent attributes to a particular alternative is a function from a multidimensional Euclidean space to the real line. We first consider implementation by standard mechanisms, that include a decision rule and a profile of personal transfers. We present impossibility results on the implementation of decision rules that assign different outcomes to profiles of signals that result in the same profile of valuations. We then consider implementation by extended mechanisms that include, in addition to a decision rule and a profile of personal transfers, a profile of functions that affect the arguments of the valuation functions. We show that decision rules that assign different outcomes to profiles of signals that result in the same profile of valuations can be implemented by such mechanisms.

CONFERENCES AND SEMINAR PRESENTATIONS

| | |
|---|------------------|
| Seminar in Economic Theory, Bar-Ilan University | 2018 |
| Young Researcher Day, University of Haifa | 2018 |
| Conference on Economic Design, University of York | 2017 |
| Seminar in Economic Theory, Hebrew University | 2014, 2015, 2017 |
| Annual Rationality Retreat | 2014, 2015 |

SCHOLARSHIPS AND AWARDS

| | |
|--|------------|
| Balzuska Scholarship for Excellent Students in Economics | 2015 |
| Jacques Nass Prize for a paper in political economy | 2014, 2018 |
| Rationality Center Scholarship | 2010-2018 |
| M.A. Fellowship (Excellent Student), Hebrew University | 2009, 2010 |

OTHER

| | |
|--|-----------|
| Academic advisor for economics students, Hebrew University | 2011-2018 |
| Languages – Hebrew and English | |
| Citizenship – Israeli | |